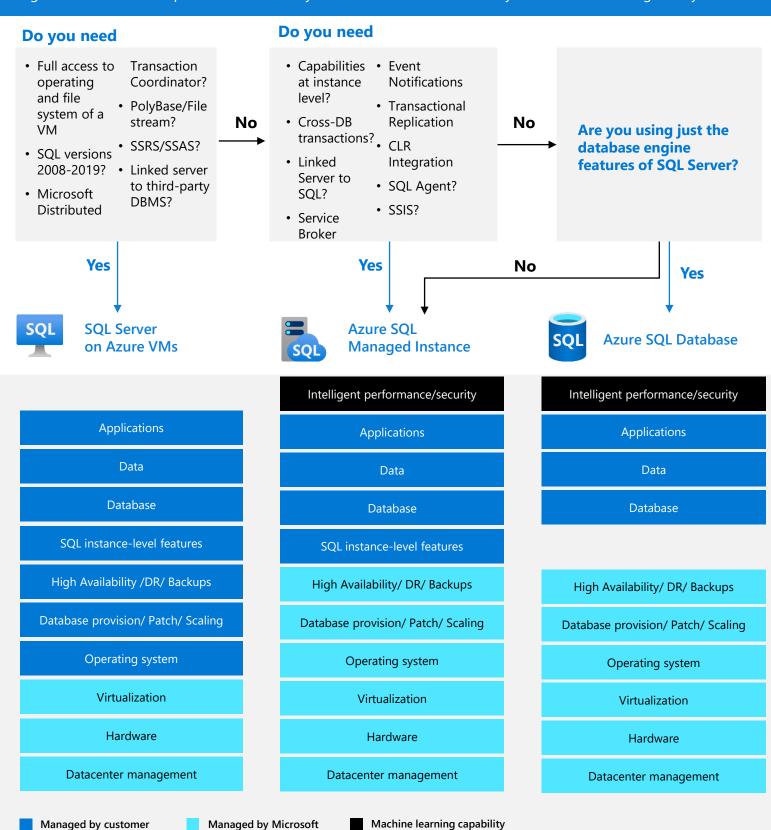


Comparing SQL on Azure



Whether you're looking to migrate to laaS or PaaS or deploy on a hybrid platform, Azure SQL has you covered. Azure SQL offers three core deployment options for moving your SQL Server workloads to the cloud. The following diagram outlines which option will best meet your needs and summarizes key differences in manageability.



Comparing features across offerings*

All deployment options are built on the industry-leading SQL Server engine, and accessed through a centralized management and monitoring portal, but differences in features remain. Learn about the core difference between specific features below.







Deployment

- Choose Azure VM compute and storage sizes
- Portal or CLI gallery images
- Full SQL Server Setup
- Bring your own image or selfinstall from Volume Licensing Center with active SA
- Images with full SQL Server or Database only setup
- Dedicated instance or instance pools
- vCore-based resources
- Portal or CLI instance deployment
- Native VNet integration
- Provisioned and serverless compute options
- Multi-tenancy with elastic pools
- Hyperscale for 100TB+ databases
- DTU or vCore-based resources
- Portal or CLI database deployment

Manageability

- Automated backups
- Automated security updates
- Manual patching and version upgrades
- Dynamic VM sizing
- Backup and Restore with Azure Blob Storage
- Full SQL Server Engine features
- · Full access to OS

- Automated and user-initiated backups
- Point-in-time Restore
- Automated patching and version upgrades
- Dynamic scaling
- Full Dynamic Management Views
- Extended Events
- · Query Store
- Database Mail
- Resource Governor
- SQL Server Agent
- Azure Resource Health

- System-initiated automatic backups
- Long-term backup retention
- Create new database based on point-in-time restore
- Automated patching and version upgrades
- Dynamic scaling
- Auto-scale with serverless
- Azure Resource Health
- Subset of Dynamic Management Views
- Extended Events
- · Query Store

Security

- Integrated Security
 Authentication with Domain joined VM
- Full SQL Server Engine Security Features
- Azure Threat Protection and vulnerability assessments
- Azure Security Center and Policies for infrastructure
- Azure Active Directory Authentication
- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) with BYOK
- Always Encrypted
- SQL Server Audit
- Row Level Security and Dynamic Data Masking
- Advanced Threat Protection
- Azure Active Directory
 Authentication
- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) with BYOK
- Always Encrypted
- SQL Server Audit
- Row Level Security and Dynamic Data Masking
- · Advanced Threat Protection

Business Continuity

- Full Always On Availability Groups (AG)
- Always On Failover Cluster Instance
- SQL Server replication
- Change Data Capture
- Log Shipping
- Database Snapshots
- Accelerated Database Recovery
- Tempdb Optimized Metadata

- Built in Azure HA/DR
- Built-in readable secondary using geo-replication
- Auto Failover Groups
- SQL Server Replication
- Change Data Capture
 - Accelerated Database Recovery on by default
- Built in Azure HA/DR
- Built-in readable secondary using geo-replication
- Availability Zones
- Active geo-replication
- SQL Data Sync
- Accelerated Database Recovery on by default

Performance

- Automatic Plan Correction
- Full SQL Server engine performance features
- Azure Blob cache
- High performance ultra disks
- Intelligent Query Processing
- Columnstore Indexes
- Memory Optimized Tables
- Automatic Plan Correction
- Intelligent Query Processing
- Columnstore Indexes
- Memory Optimized Tables
- Automated Tuning including Indexes and Plan Correction

*This comparison is intended as a guide and subject to change without notice. SQL Server on Azure VM feature availability may be limited to specific SQL Server versions. For detailed comparisons, please see our documentation at aka.ms/AzureSQL_documentation

Comparing features across offerings* - continued







Programmability •

- All major programming interfaces
- Server-level collations
- UTF-8
- T-SQL JSON integration
- Graph database
- Common Language Runtime
- Native cross database queries
- PolyBase external tables with Hadoop
- New Polybase connectors
- Java language extension
- · Distributed transactions
- FileStream
- Full T-SQL surface area

- All major programming interfaces
- Server-level collations
- UTF-8
- T-SQL JSON integration
- Graph database
- Common Language Runtime
- Native cross database queries
- · Linked Servers
- · Service broker

- All major programming interfaces
- Database-level collations
- UTF-8
- T-SQL JSON integration
- Graph database

Networking

- Public Endpoint with Network Security Group (NSG)
- Private Endpoint with Native Azure Vnet
- Public Endpoint with Network Security Group (NSG)
- Private Endpoint with Native Azure Vnet
- IP Firewall for Public Endpoint
- Virtual Network Firewall within Azure
- Private Endpoint with PrivateLink (preview)

Analytics and BI

- SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS)
- SQL Server Reporting Services (SSRS)
- SQL Server Analysis Services (SSAS)
- Machine Learning Server (standalone)
- Machine Learning Services and language extensions
- Full-text and semantic extractions for search

 Machine Learning Services with R and Python

Compatible with:

- Azure Data Factory SSIS integration runtime
- Migrate SSRS to Power BI paginated reports
- Azure Analysis Services

Compatible with:

- Azure Data Factory SSIS integration runtime
- Migrate SSRS to Power BI paginated reports
- Azure Analysis Services

Storage limits

Instances up to 256 TB

Instances up to 8 TB

Databases up to 4 TB (100 TB with Hyperscale)

SLA

SLA varies based on tier level. Max 99.99% HA SLA when distributed between AZ 99.99% availability SLA at instance level

Up to 99.995% availability SLA at database level

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Learn more about Azure SQL at aka.ms/azure_sql